PRICE ONE CENT.

NEW YORK, FRIDAY, DECEMBER 21, 1894.

PRICE ONE CENT.

NIGHT

CARLISLE WEAKENS.

He Will Permit the With drawal of the Pending Currency Bill.

HAS A NEW MEASURE READY

Will Be Introduced, Chairman Springer Says, in the House at Once.

SAID TO DIFFER RADICALLY.

Secretary First Confers with the Representative of the Banking Committee.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 21 .- The Carlisle Currency bill now before the House will be withdrawn and a substitute presented. This decision was reached after a caucus of the Democratic members of the Banking and Currency Committee quietly held last night, followed by a conference between Secretary Carlisle and Chairman Springer to-day.

soon as it can be copied and put in proper bill form it will be presented to the House, and thenceforth be the bill on which the currency debate is to proceed. Two very important features make their appearance for the first time in the substitute. The main one will have the effect of allowing the National banking system to run along without an arbitrary provision that banks must organize under the new system. The original Carlisie bill contemplated that all National banks must reorganize under the mew pian. This would have required them to surrender the Government bonds which now constituts the basis of their elsculation. But the substitute does away with this imperative change.

If National banks wills to continue to hold their United tates bonds and issue circulation thereon they may do so. It is felt that they will soon discover the advantages of the new system and will, therefore, adopt it voluntarily. But the option will be given to them to judge for themselves, and if they wish they may continue as National banks.

The other important features of the substitute is that it does away with the unknown liability of banks to guarantee the notes of all other banks. This feature of the original bill has been much criticised. It contempated that if a National bank failed its notes would be paid out of its assets and the general safety fund were insufficient to pay the notes of the failed bank, then the Comptroller of the Currency was to make a pro rata assessment on all the banks of the failed bank, then the Comptroller of the Currency was to make a pro rata assessment on all the banks of the failed bank, then the Comptroller of the Currency was to make a pro rata assessment on all the banks of the failed bank, then the Comptroller of the Currency was to make a pro rata assessment on all the banks of the country. The banks said this prospective assessment shouldered them with ru unknown risk. In effect, it made them supply insurance on all the notes of banks in which 'hey had no concern.

notes of banks in which 'hey had no comes."

In view of these criticisms, the substitute will do away with the assessment plan. The "astety fund" will be the limit of the joint liability of all the banks for the failure of individual banks. They will, however, be compelled to keep up this safety fund by more rigid provision than appeared in the original bill. Besides these two main changes, there are many lesser ones, which were summarised as amendments yesterday, but which will now be incorporated as a part of the substitute.

Incorporated as a part of the substitute.

When the House went into Committee of the Whole to-day for the further consideration of the Currency bill, Mr. Pendieton (Dem., W. Va.) was recognized by the Cnair, but before he could proceed Mr. Johnson (Rep., Ind.) arose for the purpose, as he stated, of propeunding an inquiry to the Chairman of the Banking Committee, Mr. Springer.

"I understand." said he, "that at a meeting of the Democratic members of the Banking Committee last night it was decided to offer a substitute to the pending measure, and that the consent of the Secretary of the Treasury was obtained. Is my information correct? If no, I suggest that the substitute be now offered in order that we can proceed intelligently."

"Some time during the afternoon," re-

"Some time during the afternoon," re"Some time during the afternoon," replied Mr. Springer, admitting that a
change of views had been agreed upon,
"I will say it is my intention to introduce a substitute for the pending bill."

Mr. Springer, however, denied that the
"connent" of the Secretary of the Treasury had been asked or obtained. The
ury had been asked or obtained. The
Democratic members of the Committee,
he declared, were responsible for the

"SOJER" FLYNN IS DEAD.

The Great Marrying Alderman Co

ried Off by Pneumonia. Alderman Cornelius Flynn died at 4.10 this afternoon, at his home, in Bowling Green. He had been ill for some three weeks from pneumonia, but it was supassed several days ago.



Alderman Flynn was in some respects one of the most notable figures in local politics. His towering figure and huge bulk were enough to attract attention anywhere, and throughout the First District, which he represented in the Comnon Council for many years, he was a much bigger man than the President of

The old "Sojer," as he was called, was known far and wide also as the Alderman who had married more couples

HERRICK RE-PPOINTED.

amed as Justice of General Term for Five Years.

ALBANY, Dec. II .- Gov. Flower has ap-



CRAM CONVICTED.

Guilty of Murder in the First Degree for Killing His Wife.

George W. Cram, who has been on for the past three days for murdering shooting her at their home, 143 East

shooting her at their home, 143 East Nineteenth street, was found guilty of murder in the first degree late this afternoon.

The jury was out a little over an hour and returned at 5.06 o'clock.

Cram was greatly affected and sank in his seat and dropped his head on a court officer's shoulder, while the tears coursed down his cheeks.

Justice Ingraham remanded him to jail until next Wednesday for sentence. The defense was insanity.

SHOT HIS FELLOW-WORKER.

Two Laborers in a Trench Quarrel

and One Gets a Bullet. Tom Schigarle, twenty-six years old,

CHINA SEEKS PEACE.

Visit Japan's Capital.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 21.-Minister Denby cabled the State Department today that the Cainese Government has appointed two Peace Commissions. Chang Yin Huan and Fhao, who will proceed at once on their mission from Pekin to the Japanese capital.

BROCKWAY IN BAD ODOR.

Pive Judges Who Will Send No More Boys to Elmira. BUFFALO, N. Y., Dec. 21.-The News

FELLOWS HELPS HALE

The District-Attorney Appears Against Justice Divver.

Vital Than His Perlermances.

At Fellows's Request the Case Goes Over to Next Friday.

The trial of Police Justice Patrick Divver was resumed in the Court of Comon Pleas this afternoon.

Col. Fellows, accompanied by Lawyer Hale, entered the court-room at 3.50 and both entered the Judges' private room the latter was in progress Divver en-tered accompanied by his counsel. They were followed immediately afterwards a dozen other shining lights of the Se

At exactly 4 o'clock Court was called to order, all five Judges being present.

Immediately Lawyer Hale arose and told of his invitation to Col. Fellows to attend and the fact that he had accepted. Then Mr. Hale apologized in a measure for his own shortcomings. He asked that the Court should defer to Col. Fellows wishes in every way. He said he had tried to summon witnesses.

Then he asked if Mr. Tekulsky was in court. The latter's name was called, but he falled to respond. He waiked into court, however, a moment later.

Col. Fellows explained his position. He said he had only been asked yesterday to assist in the prosecution, and he had seen Hale, who informed him as to what he had done and what he had omitted to do.

"I know," he added, "Mr. Hale will not deem it unkind when I say that we both came to the conclusion that what he had omitted to do was much more important than what he had done."

The District-Attorney went on in that strain, and then said he had personally had subpoenas served since yesterday afternbon.

"I am here," he said, "not to shirk" to order, all five Judges being present.

afternoon.
"I am here," he said, "not to shirk
my responsibility, but to take up the
case, provided I can get the proper time.
At present I am in the dark. In fact,
I know nothing of what has really hap-

pened.
"If I am to go on, I will require delay. Had Mr. Haie notified or consulted ame in the first instance, things might be different."
"I have examined the charges. Beyond that I am unable to go."
"How much time do you want?" asked Chief Justice Daly.
Col. Fellows aid he would want at least a week. He could then find out whether or not the People had a case at all.

whether or not the People had a case at all.

Mr. Rolling, counsel for Divver, protested at any delay, and he went all over the farcical proceedings up to date, and dwelt upon the hardship which it imposed upon Divver.

"It is perfectly apparent," he added, "that it was the love of notoriety on the part of one man that led to these charges and"

"I hope," interrupted Col. Fellows, amid laughter, "that counsel will acquit me of any desire for further notoriety."

Yes, I freely acquit you," laughed Mr. Rolling, and then he went on to denounce

quit me of any desire for further notoriety."

"Yes, I freely acquit you," laughed Mr.
Rollins, and then he went on to denounce
Hale. He insised the charges ought to
be dismissed or fought out at once. He
also complained of the public clamor
against Divver, and said the latter was
not to be convicted except on legal evidence.

Hale claimed that two of the charges,
carelessness and inefficiency in office,
had been fully proved. He also claimed
that even the bribery charge and corruption of voters had been proved.

Col. Fellows claimed that the very
contentions of lawyers made it impossible for him to appear for the People offhand.

"If the service of the District-Attorney is required, all I can say is, the
case will have to go over."

Mr. Rollins made another appeal to
have the case decided at once, claiming

that Mr. Hale was a man without responsibility.

The Judges then held a consultation after which Chief Justice Daly asked Co.. Fellows if he could possibly go on next Wednesday or Thursday afternoon. He replied that he would do his best, but he did not know just what he had to do. Mr. Rollins again protested against adjournments for "fishing purposes."

"Col. Fellows," he said, "does not want to put himself in a ridiculous position, unlige Mr. Hale. The latter, however, does not care hov ridiculous he appears."

He then asked the Court to insist upon Hale making a statement as to what he expected to prove.

The case was then set down for next Frday.

CHAIRMAN SMITH IS HOPEFUL. He Believes that a Race for the Cur

STAMFORD, Conn., Dec. 21.-Ex-Con nodore James D. Smith, Chairman of the America's Cup Committee, was seen it his home here this afternoon.

Will Be Held.

"What do you think of the news from Lord Dunraven?" asked the reporter.

Tom Schigarle, twenty-six years old, of 7 Lawrence street, was shot in the left breast with a revolver at 4 o'clock this afternoon by Martin Batesessa, thirty-two years old, who also lives at 7 Lawrence street.

The shooting occurred at One illirdred and Forty-sixth street and St. Nic lolas will be accepted. We have conceded avenue, in an excavation where both men were working as isnowers. Schigarle was sent to Manhattan Hospital in a critical condition, and Fatchessa was arrested.

CHINA SEEKS PEACE

H. Maitland Kersey received a cablegram from Lord Dunraven this morning stating that there would probably be a meeting of the Royal Yacht Squad-ron Jan. 5. ron Jan. 5.

When seen later Mr. Kersey expressed an opinion that the Royal Yacht Squadron would accede to the request to receipt for the cup in order to be assured of a race next Fall.

For Racing, Entries and other Sporting News see pages 5, 6 and 7.

DANGER IN MILK?

State Board of Health Says Tuberentests Is Prevalent.

ALBANY, Dec. 21 .- The State Board of Health has issued its report of the first year's work under the law relating to examinations for tuberculosis.

MARTIN DOES NOT CARE.

He is interested in Schmittberger

Just as President Martin, of the Police Board, was leaving Headquarters this afternoon an "Evening World" reporter halted him and gave him a brief summary Says Hale's Omissions Are More of Capt. Schmittberger's testimony before the Lexow Committee this after

The Commissioner was deeply inter ested and kept his eyes fastened on the ground while he listened to the interest ing bits of testimony.

After the reporter had finished the Commissioner looked up and slowly said: "I have no comment whatever to make on Capt. Schmittberger's testimony." Whatever effect Capt. Schmittberger's

SHEEHAN SAYS LIARI LIARI

estimony had on President Martin was

carefully concealed by him, for he never

changed color or moved a muscle.

to the Lexow Testimony. Commissioner Sheehan, when shows that portion of Capt. Schmittberger's

estimony relating to him, said: "If Capt. Schmittberger says that ever compelled him to join the Pequot or any other club he is a liar, a cow ardly liar. He joined of his own voli

"I distinctly remember opposing his election because of an old resolution passed by the Club to the effect that all liscouraged from joining.

eral waters to Capt. Schmittberger, and of his police duties. In fact. I have al along had my suspicions that Schmitt berger was crooked."

INSPECTOR WILLIAMS COOL.

Charges Against Him.

Inspector Winiams was informed by in "Evening World" reporter this afternoon that Capt. Schmittberger, on oath before the Lexow Committee, had accused him of taking money from dis-orderly houses. The Inspector was not in the least startled. He smiled pleas antly, and said:
"I have not seen or heard of Schn

berger's testimony, and until I have had a chance to examine it and satisfy my-self that the statements attributed to the Captain are correct, I will refrain from making any comment."

STEERS WILL NOT TALK.

le Says He Will Wait to See Schmitt berger's Testimony.

Ex-Inspector Steers refused to answthe charge made against him by Cap Schmittberger pefore the Lexow Commit tee this afternoon.

Schmittberger said that when he too charge of the steamboat squad Steer told him he could have everything there was in it.

"Until I have a chance to examine the testimony I will not say a word," said

Schmittberger Tells the Truth. Capt. Price was asked by an "Evening World" reporter this afternoon if he had anything to say in answer to the charges made against him by Capt. Schmittberger before the Lexow Committee this afternoo i, especially the charge that he had taken money for protection.

"I don't know anything about it," he eplied.

When pressed to give an answer as o whether the charges that he collected noney were true or false, he said:
"I tell you I don't know anything about it and therefore I cannot talk."

O'CONNOR EXPLAINS.

Says "The World's" Interview Is Correct, but He Had to Deny It.

"The interview with me, which ap said Senator O'Connor during the recesof the interview, "placed me in an attitude which I could not stand up under I was compelled to take some steps for self-protection.

tude which I could not stand up under. I was compelled to take some steps for self-protection.

"What I said in reference to it in court this morning has not been correctly renorted.

"The only statement I made was that a reporter of 'The World' called upon me at my hotel last night and asked me some question, and that some of the things I said were correctly printed, out that the interview contained other things of which I had no recollection. This was the statement I made.

"You see," continued the Senator, confidentially. "I had to do something to square myself, and I didn't see any other way of doing it except by speaking right out."

The Senator was reminded that that portion of the literview which was credited to him was an accurate account of what he said.

"I admit that," he replied, "but I am charged with having made all the statements which appear, and so I felt compelled to deny the whole thing."

The Senator and Chairman Lexow were both careful not to deny that they are both anxious to choke the Committee to death to-day. The fact is that they want to quit in order to spend the holidays at home. Here is something else that Senator O'Connor said to the reporter in his hotel last night:

"You see every man who has a family likes to be home during the holidays. If I thought we could accomplish very much by continuing the sessions of the Committee I would not grumble, but I am of the opinion that we have done all that is expected of us in showing conclusively that the Police Department is corrupt to the core."

It is certain that If the Committee doesn't adjourn to-day both Senators Lexow and O'Connor will be disappointed.

kind?" asked Mr. Goff.

NIGHT EDITION

Schmittberger Accuses the Commissioner of Protecting Disorderly Houses.

CLOSE FRIEND OF SADIE WEST.

Inspectors Williams and McAvov Charged with Accepting Blackmail Money.

Police Capt. Max E. Schmittberger made a public confession before Lexow Committee to-day, of the corruption which, to his knowledge, existed in the Police Department.

The Captain accused Police Commissioner Martin of extending protecion to disorderly houses, particularly the one kept by a woman named

When he sent a man to Sadie West's house to investigate. Comnissioner Martin, he said, compelled him to make the man go back to the house and apologize.

He began his confession by saying he had not paid for his appointment, but knew of cases where promotions had been bought.



Capt. Max Schmittberger, Sitting in the Witness Chair, Near Senators Lexow and Bradley.

d from Life this afternoon by an "Evening World" artist, and reproduced in "The Evening World's" Photo-Engraving Department |

He said most of the new men on the force had been appointed through political influence. He said he was asked to join the Pequod Club, which was represented to him would help him officially. Commissioner Sheehan is an influential member of the Club.

He bought tickets for the Pequod Club's outings, paying \$5 aplece for hem. He says liquor dealers were induced to buy mineral waters from Munzinger, a member of the Club.

When the subject of disorderly housese was touched upon, Schmittberger said he knew the keepers paid for protection, and when asked who got the money, replied: "Capt. Williams." This created a sensation. Disorderly houses, he declared, could not exist without the knowledge of captains of precincts.

Gradually as his story was told it became apparent that a system of coperation existed between keepers of houses and patrolmen, who were evidently instructed how to act in cases where trouble occurred in disorderly

Later he testified that he had personally given to Inspector Williams oney collected for "protection." While in command of the East Eighty-eighth street police station Schmittberger said he collected \$800 a month, 20 per cent. of which went

to Ward Man Gannon and about \$200 to Inspector Williams. While at the Leonard atrect station he said he collected about \$400 a onth, part of which he gave to Inspector McAvoy.

Before Schmittberger began his testi- the stand all day. mony he was assured of the protection that the Committee would see that it of the Committee if he would tell all he | was enforced. All Other Witnesses Excused. knew about police corruption. Mr. Goff then announced that all other

Mr. Goff reminded the Captain of the Mr. Goff reminded the Captain of the witnesses under subpoens were excused serious character of the oath he had until 10.30 next Wednesday. This inditaken and its responsibilities and penal- cated that Schmittberger would be on This created a sensation in the Com-"I am here to tell the truth," said the mittee room, as it was taken as an inwitness. "without any promise of any dication that a confession was coming.

"Ar. you prepared to tell the truth testimony yet given. without any reward or promise of any Capt. Schmittberger looked very solemn, and there were big black lines un-"I a.a."

At Mr. Goff's request Chairman Lexow contrast to the general ruddiness of his then told the witness what the power of complexion. Only two or three persons the Committee was and assured him left the room after Mr. Goff's announcethe protection of the Committee ment.

The witness began his testimony by the theorem about him if he would. The witness began his testimony by

or at least some of the most important

tell the truth unreservedly and testify to stating that he joined the police force what he knew of police corruption. Jan. 28, 1874, at the age of twenty-two. what he knew of police corruption.

"If you do this freely and frankly and without any mental reservation, the Committee can grant you immunity."

Senator O'Connor added that the law ment, or any consideration whatever for it?

Weren't there any favorites? A. Ob. ver

Sergeants always have favorites. The favoridones were given lively posts, where they could get a cup of coffee or a sandwich nights; ethers get a cup of codes or a manusch nights; others got dead posts, which are desolate. No one likes to get a dead post. The favorites will also get off of doing special duty.

The witness said that such favoritism

ften, the Captain said, and politicians and district leaders often went to ser eants and asked to have privileger stended to their friends on the force. knowledge that those politicians had in-fluence with the Captains and Inspectors

rell with the politicians? A. Yes, sir.
Q. Did you ever bear of a patroiman giving up to a sergeant to be put on a

Q. Do you think the class of men appointed fo



ment would be dismissed and he to be a free man. None of the person conference, however, would make statement out of court.

his breath.

he s.id, was Chartie Grant, ex-Com-When prompted by Mr. Goff, he said he had heard of Kelly, the shoemaker, of Eighth avenue; Meyers, the tailor,

near the Metropolitan Hotel, and Alder-man Parks, but he had no positive knowledge of these men. The new men, the witness said, were not so ready to obey orders, showed seemed to think they could always rely on their political pull and had a right had paid for their positions.

VOORHIS SURROUNDED BY REPORTERS.

Knows of Payment for Promotions

all men appointed to the force had pay for their appointments.

The witness had heard that latterly

Q. In other words, when charges are brough on their defense? A. That's about it. Mr. Goff asked for an adjournment, 2.15 P. M.

After the adjournment, it was stated

upon the authority of one of the Com-

mittee's counsel that Capt. Schmittbernection with the blackmailing system of the Police Department, and that he would tell everything before he left the That was the .eason why Mr. Goff had

dismissed all other witnesses, for he knew just what was coming.

recess about his coming testimony, and said he would allow no one to talk with

As Capt. Schmittberger is now under As Capt. Schmittberger is now under indictment on a most serious charge in connection with his receiving blackmail to the extent of \$500 from Mr. Forget, agent of the French steamship line, who furnished conclusive evidence of the payment of this money to the Captain, the question of how his proposed confection would affect this criminal coheries. 4c. Q. De you have of any case where a paint, the question of how his proposed confection would affect this criminal coheries. 4c. Q. De you have of any case where a paint confection would affect this criminal coheries are a present and the confection would affect this criminal coheries are a present as a present and the confection would affect this criminal coheries.

of the Committee, was eagerly assed during the recess.

The protection of the Committee, ording to Senator Lexow's statem was absolutely guaranteed to the wit-ness if he would tell the truth. This seemed to settle the question in minds of most people.

May Diemter His Indictment.

During recess Col. Fellows and Mi Goff consulted with Chairman Lexoand other members of the Com of of doing special day.

The witness said that such favoritism ment concluded was that if Capt.

Was detrimental to good discipline. The political preferences of the men had a to the system of police corruption, and made a full confession of the facts upon made a full confession of which he has been indicted, the in





of the City Hall was easierly discuss the latest sensational phase of the po A big crowd surrounded the bar

"Who's on the stand new, Tim?"
quaried two or three voices from the
crowd as he plunged in.
"Schmittberger, and less girls," the
whole snap dead away, " blurted out
the newcomer as soon as he could had

his breath.

"Hully Gee!" "Squealin', is he?" "Tou don't mean it, Schmittherger?" "Well, I have my opinion of a squealer!" were some of the ejaculations heard in the chorus of surprise that want up at this startling announcement, and there was a hubbub which lasted the rest of the noon hour.

The Captain Leoked Unhappy.

Capt. Schmittberger returned to the Committee-room at 1 o'clock with Sergt.-at-Arms Schram. He appeared to be most unhappy and all broken up, and was the picture of misery as he at alone at the table walting for the ordes to begin again. Father Ducay, who knows him very well, went over and sat down beside him. As the dergyman talked to him the Captain seemed to brighten up a bit, but not for long. His lawyers, William F. Howe and Joe Moss, Joined him. It was said to be their advice that he confess.

Although Mr. Goff told Chairman Lexon he would be ready to go on at 1.18 P. M., he did not come in till half an hour later. The Committee-room was packed at that hour, and such a struggling, jostling, pushing crowd as filled the upper corridors of the Court-Homehad never before been seen there. Several attaches of the District-Attorney's office were present, including George Gordon Battle and John D. Lindsay, and Charles Stewart Smith and ex-Collector Tom Murphy were among the speciators.

Once More on the Rack.

It was 2.50 when Capt. Schmittberger stepped up briskly and resumed the witness chair. He seemed anxious to have it over with.

"While you have been Captain are there patrolmen who have violated the rules and defled your authority?"

"No. sir; not openly. I have heard, though, that they said to others that they did not care for me." Q. Then they have defied you? A. Yes, practically so.

Q. And this was because they relied on their political pull? A. Yes. Because most of the same men belonged to political clubs.

Asked to Join the Pequod. Asked to Join the Pequod.

"Schmittberger will tell everything from A. to Z," it was stated, "and he knows as much about it as anybody on the police force."

"It is a case of sudden conversion, and we are going to get at the bottom of facts now, sure."

"Has any attempt been made to prevent the Captain from making his confession?"

No one has had any chance to prevent the substant of the property of the propert

"No one has had any chance to prevent him, for no one knew he would do so till this morning."

Cap: Schmittberger went out to luncheon under the charge of the Sergeant-at-Arms of the Committee. His face was flushed and downcast as he left the room.

He had promised Senator Lexow that he would not talk with a soul during the recess about his coming testimony, and any attentior to it." Said the Captain.

O bus them A Yes, si.

The witness said that when he was first appointed to the force Capt. Me-Cullagh was in charge of the Tender-loin precinct. Then came Steera, Williams, Berghold and Relly.

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He was first appointed to the force Capt. Then came Steera, Williams, Berghold and Relly.

He was first appointed to duty as ward and the se

Q. Duniep got into trouble, didn't no? A. Yes, he was reduced to the ranks for allowing some pool-room to run in the precinct. Afterwards he was dismissed from the force, and he did